Safety Data Sheet

No: L102 CPC Machine Way Lubricant 32 \ 68 \ 150 \ 220 Ver5.0

I. CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

CHEMICAL Product Name: CPC Machine Way Lubricant 32 \ 68 \ 150 \ 220

OTHER Name: ----

Product Code: LA 81032(32) \ LA 81068(68) \ LA 81150(150) \ LA 81220(220)

Manufacturer Name: Lubricants Business Division, CPC Corporation, Taiwan

Address:

6F, 15, Cheng-Kung 2nd RD, Chen-Zerng District, Kaohsiung, 806, Taiwan, R.O.C.

Telephone Number: 886-7-5361510

Emergency Telephone Number: 886-5-2224171 Ext. 7250

Fax Number: 886-5-2232062

II. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

NFPA Ratings (Scale 0-4): NFPA Fire=1

The Most Important Hazardous Effects:

1. Adverse Human Health Effects:

(For Long Term Exposure)

- 1. Eye Contact: irritation.
- 2. Skin Contact: skin disorders.
- 3. Inhalation: If heated this substance ,over-inhalation may cause headache, dizziness, nausea ,vomiting, coughing, pain in the nose, throat and chest.
- 4. Ingestion: no information is available.
- **2.** Environmental Effects: no information is available.
- **3. Physical and Chemical Hazards:** Mist or vapors can produce at elevated temperatures.
- **4. Specific Hazards:** no information on significant adverse effects.

Main Symptoms:

- 1. Eye Contact: irritation.
- 2. Skin Contact: skin disorders.
- 3. Inhalation: If heated this substance, over-inhalation may cause headache, dizziness, nausea, vomiting, coughing, pain in the nose, throat and chest.
- 4. Ingestion :aspiration hazard, digestive disorders.

III. COMPOSITION, INFORMATION ON INGREDIENT

1. Product Identification:

Chemical Family: Petroleum Hydrocarbons

Chemical Formula: Mixture

Trade Name/Synonym: Not assigned

2. Component:

Ingredients	CAS NO.	% by vol.
Heavy Paraffinic distillate	64742-54-7	80.0~95.0%
Bright Stock	64742-57-0	0~10.0%
Machine Way Lubricant Additive		1.0~5.0%
animal, mixed with vegetable oils, sulfurized	68991-19-5	
1-Propene, 2-methyl-, sulfurized	68511-50-2	
Amines, C12-14-alkyl, C6-10-alkyl phosphates	68603-55-4	

IV. FIRST AID MEASURE

Emergency Procedures:

1. Inhalation:

Remove personnel from exposure area to fresh air immediately. If breathing is difficult, giveoxygen. Ifbreathingceases, use a oxygen rescuer or similar device to perform artificial respiration. Get medical attention immediately.

2. Skin Contact:

Remove contaminated clothing, jewelry and shoes immediately. Wash with soap or mild detergent and largeamounts of water until noevidence of chemical remains (at least $15\sim20$ minutes). If irritation or adverse symptoms develop, seek medical attention.

3. Eye Contact:

Flush eyes immediately with running water for at least fifteenminutes,occasionally lifting upper and lower lids, until noevidence of chemicalremains. Get medicalattention immediately.

4. Digestion:

If swallowed ,do not induce vomiting, if conscious ,give 1~2 water to drink. If vomiting occurs, keep head lower than hips to help prevent aspiration. Get medicalattention immediately.

Protection of First-aider: no information is available.

Notes to Physician: no information is available.

V. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable Extinguishing Media: regular dry chemical, carbon dioxide, water, regular Foam.

Large fires: Use regular foam or flood with fine water spray.

Specific Hazards: combustion conditions, oxides of the following elements will formed: carbon dioxide, water, sulfur, nitric oxide. Incomplete burning can produce carbon monoxide and other harmful products.

Special Fire Fighting Procedures:

- 1. Firefighters should wear proper protective equipment stay upwind.
- 2. Move container from fire area and shut off source if it can be done without risk.
- 3. Cool containers with water spray until well after the fire is out.
- 4. Do not scatter spilled material with high-pressure water streams.
- 5. Keep unnecessary people away, isolate hazard area and deny entry.
- 6. Avoid inhalation of material or combustion by-products.

VI. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal Precautions:

- 1. Avoid heat, flames, sparks and other sources of ignition.
- 2. Stop leak if possible without personal risk.
- 3. Reduce vapors with water spray.

Environmental Precautions:

- 1. Eliminate all open flame in vicinity of spill or released vapor.
- 2. Stop the source of the leak or release.
- 3. Clean up releases as soon as possible.
- 4. Contain liquid to prevent further contamination of soil, surface wateror groundwater.

Methods for Cleaning Up:

- 1. Clean up small spills using sand or other non-combustible material.
- 2. Collect spilled material in appropriate container for disposal.
- 3. Wherefeasible and appropriate, remove contaminated soil.
- 4. Follow prescribed procedures for reporting and responding to larger releases.

VII. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling:

- 1. Wear protective equipment, if exposure conditions warrant.
- 2. Wash thoroughly after handling.
- 3. Use with adequate ventilation.
- 4. Handle in accordance with all current regulations and standards.

Storage:

- 1. Keep away from heat, sparks and flames.
- 2. Store in well-ventilated area.
- 3. Store in a tightly closed container.
- 4. Store in a cool, dry place.
- 5. Bond and ground during transfer.
- 6. Keep separated from incompatible substances.
- 7. Storage in accordance with all current regulations and standards.

VIII. EXPOSURE CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTION

Engineering Control:

Provide local exhaust ventilation system. Ensure compliance withapplicable exposure limits.

Control Parameter:

HAZARDOUS MATERIAL	TWA	STEL	CEILING
Mineral Oil Mist	ACGIH: 5 mg/m ³ NIOSH: 5 mg/m ³ OSHA: 5 mg/m ³	NIOSH: 10mg/m ³ UK OES: 10mg/m ³	

Personal Protection Equipment:

1. Respiratory Protection:

Not generally required unless needed to preventrespiratoryirritation. In case of spill or leak resulting inunknownconcentration, use NOISH approved suppliedairrespirator.

2. Hand Protection:

Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves.

3. Eye Protection:

Wear splash resistant safety gogglesorface shield. Provide an emergency eye wash fountain and quick drench shower in the immediate work area.

4. Skin and Body Protection:

Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing. Remove any chemical soaked clothing immediately.

IX. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical State: liquid	Form:brown liquid	
Color: deep brown	Odor: no special odor	
PH: Not available	Boiling Range: No data	
Specific Gravity: 32 0.8723g/cm³ @ 60°F;	Flash Point: :	

68 0.8855g/cm³ @ 60°F; 150 0.8922g/cm³ @ 60°F; 220 0.8961g/cm³ @ 60°F	32 236°C (438°F); 68 236°C (438°F); 150 240°C (450°F); 220 284°C (482°F) Test Method: Open Cup	
Autoiginition Temperature: No data	Flammable Limits: Notavailable	
Vapor Pressure: Not available	Vapor Density: Notavailable	
Decomposition Temperature: No data	Solubility: insoluble in water	

X. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Stability: Stable at normal temperatures and pressure.

Possible Hazardous Reactions: Will not polymerize.

Conditions to Avoid:

Avoid heat, flames, spark and other sources of ignition. Avoid contact within compatible material.

Materials to Avoid: acid. strong oxidizing agents.

Hazardous Decomposition Products:

oxides of carbon, various hydrocarbons and sulfide formed when burned.

XI. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Acute Toxicity:

1. Inhalation:

Paraffinic distillate: Mists or sprays of insoluble oils are not harmful to the respiratory tract, although worker discomfort may occur at oil mist level of 5 mg/m3.

Machine Way Lubricant additive:inhalation of oil mist or vapors may cause respiration irritation.

2. Skin Contact:

Paraffinic distillate:May cause hair follicules, comedomes, perifollicular papules and pustules.

Machine Way Lubricant additive:irritate to skin.

3. Eye Contact:

Paraffinic distillate: Found to be moderately irritating to eyes.

Machine Way Lubricant additive:irritate to eyes.

4. Ingestion:

Paraffinic distillate: may cause gastrointestinal disturbance such as diarrhea.

Machine Way Lubricant additive: No data available.

Local Effect: No data available.

Sensitization: No data available.

Chronic Toxicity:

1. Inhalation:

Repeated or prolonged contact with oils may cause fibrotic nodules, lipoid pneumonia, and lipid granuloma.

2. Skin Contact:

Repeated or prolonged contact may cause defatting of the skin which may result in dermatitis and effect as detailed in acute exposure.

- 3. Eye Contact: Repeated or prolonged contact with irritants may cause conjunctivitis.
- 4. Ingestion: No data available.

Specific Effects: No data available.

XII. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Environmental Mobility: No data available.

XIII. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Subject to disposal regulations:

Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.

XIV. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

LAND (5433): Not Regulated for Land Transport

IATA: Not Regulated for Air Transport

SEA (IMDG): Not Regulated for Sea Transport according to IMDG-Code

XV. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Suitable Regulations:

1. U.S. Regulations:

TSCA Inventory Status: Y

SARA Hazard Categories, SARA Sections 311/312(40 CFR 370.21):

Acute: N
Chronic: N
Fire: N
Reactive: N

OSHA Process Safety(29 CFR 1910.119): N

2. State Regulations:
California Proposition 65: N

3. European Regulations:
EC Number: Not assigned

XVI. OTHER INFORMATION

Defende of Literatures	1.OHS 15037		
Reference Literatures	2. OHS 50243		
	Lubricants Business Division, CPC Corporation, Taiwan		
Made By	Title: OHS Manager	Name: Fong-Wu Chen	
Creation Date	May. 05, 2021		

CPC Corporation, Taiwan (CPC) believes that the information contained herein (including data and statements) is accurate as of the date hereof.

NO ANY WARRANTY, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, IS MADE ASCONCERNS THE INFORMATION HEREIN PROVIDED.

The information provided herein relates only to the specific product designated and may not be valid not be valid where such product is used in combination with any other materials or in any process. Further, since the conditions and methods of use of the product and information referred to herein are beyond the control of CPC.

CPC expressly disclaims any and all liability as to any results obtained or arising from any use of product or such information.