# Safety Data Sheet

No: L025 CPC General Purpose Oil 5, 10, 15, 20, 30, 35, 40, 50, 140, 5(II) Ver. 6.6

#### I. CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Chemical Product Name: CPC General Purpose Oil 5, 10, 15, 20, 30, 35, 40, 50, 140, 5(II)

Other name:

Product Code: LB51160(5); LB51161(10); LB51030(15); LB51162(20); LB51163(30)

; LB51100(35); LB51164(40); LB51165(50); LB51040(140); LB51180(5( II ))

Manufacturer Name: Lubricants Business Division, CPC Corporation, Taiwan

Address:

6F, 15, Cheng-Kung 2nd RD, Chen-Zerng District, Kaohsiung, 806, Taiwan, R.O.C.

**Telephone Number:** 886-7-5361510

Emergency Telephone Number: 886-5-2224171 Ext. 7250

Fax Number: 886-5-2232062

#### II. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

NFPA Ratings (Scale 0-4): Health=1 Fire=1 Reactivity=0

The Most Important Hazardous Effects:

1. Adverse Human Health Effects:

(For Long Term Exposure)

- Inhalation: no information on significant adverse effects.
- Skin Contact: skin disorders.
- Eye Contact: irritation.
- Ingestion: no information is available.
- **2. Environmental Effects:** no information is available.
- **3. Physical and Chemical Hazards:** Mist or vapors can produce at elevated temperatures.
- **4. Specific Hazards:** no information on significant adverse effects.

#### Main Symptoms:

- Inhalation: no information on significant adverse effects.
- Skin Contact: skin disorders.
- Eye Contact: irritation.
- Ingestion: aspiration hazard, digestive disorders.

## III. COMPOSITION, INFORMATION ON INGREDIENT

#### 1. Product Identification:

Chemical Family: Petroleum Hydrocarbons

Chemical Formula: Mixture

Trade Name/Synonym: Not assigned

2. Component:

Ingredients CAS Number % by vol.

Heavy Paraffinic Distillate 64742-54-7 100%

#### IV. FIRST AID MEASURE

#### **Emergency Procedures:**

#### • Inhalation:

Remove personnel from exposure area to fresh air immediately. If breathing is difficult, giveoxygen. Ifbreathingceases, use a oxygen rescuer or similar device to perform artificial respiration. Get medical attention immediately.

#### • Skin Contact:

Remove contaminated clothing, jewelry and shoes immediately. Wash with soap or mild detergent and largeamounts of water until noevidence of chemical remains (at least  $15\sim20$  minutes). If irritation or adverse symptoms develop, seek medical attention.

#### • Eye Contact:

Flush eyes immediately with running water for at least fifteenminutes,occasionally lifting upper and lower lids, until noevidence of chemicalremains. Get medicalattention immediately.

#### • Digestion :

If vomiting occurs, keep head lower than hips to help prevent aspiration. Get medical attention.

Protection of First-aider: no information is available.

**Notes to Physician:** no information is available.

#### V. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

**Suitable Extinguishing Media:** regular dry chemical, carbon dioxide, water, regular foam. **Large fires:** Use regular foam or flood with fine water spray.

**Specific Hazards:** Incomplete burning can produce carbon monoxide and/or carbon dioxide and other harmful products.

#### Special Fire Fighting Procedures:

- 1. Firefighters should wear proper protective equipment stay upwind.
- 2. Move container from fire area and shut off source if it can be done without risk.
- 3. Cool containers with water spray until well after the fire is out.
- 4. Do not scatter spilled material with high-pressure water streams.

- 5. Keep unnecessary people away, isolate hazard area and deny entry.
- 6. Avoid inhalation of material or combustion by-products.

#### VI. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

#### Personal Precautions:

- 1. Avoid heat, flames, sparks and other sources of ignition.
- 2. Stop leak if possible without personal risk.
- 3. Reduce vapors with water spray.

#### Environmental Precautions:

- 1. Eliminate all open flame in vicinity of spill or released vapor.
- 2. Stop the source of the leak or release.
- 3. Clean up releases as soon as possible.
- 4. Contain liquid to prevent further contamination of soil, surface wateror groundwater.

#### Methods for Cleaning Up:

- 1. Clean up small spills using sand or other non-combustible material.
- 2. Collect spilled material in appropriate container for disposal.
- 3. Wherefeasible and appropriate, remove contaminated soil.
- 4. Follow prescribed procedures for reporting and responding to larger releases.

#### VII. HANDLING AND STORAGE

#### Handling:

- 1. Wear protective equipment, if exposure conditions warrant.
- 2. Wash thoroughly after handling.
- 3. Use with adequate ventilation.
- 4. Handle in accordance with all current regulations and standards.

#### Storage:

- 1. Keep away from heat, sparks and flames.
- 2. Store in well-ventilated area.
- 3. Store in a tightly closed container.
- 4. Store in a cool, dry place.
- 5. Bond and ground during transfer.
- 6. Keep separated from incompatible substances.
- 7. Storage in accordance with all current regulations and standards.

#### VIII. EXPOSURE CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTION

#### Engineering Control:

Provide local exhaust ventilation system. Ensure compliance withapplicable exposure limits.

#### Control Parameter:

HAZARDOUS	TWA	STEL	CEILING

MATERIAL			
Mineral Oil Mist	ACGIH: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> NIOSH: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> OSHA: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	NIOSH: 10mg/m <sup>3</sup> UK OES: 10mg/m <sup>3</sup>	

# Personal Protection Equipment:

• Respiratory Protection:

Not generally required unless needed to preventrespiratoryirritation. In case of spill or leak resulting inunknownconcentration, use NOISH approved suppliedairrespirator.

• Hand Protection:

Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves.

• Eye Protection:

Wear splash resistant safety gogglesorface shield. Provide an emergency eye wash fountain and quick drench shower in the immediate work area.

• Skin and Body Protection:

Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing. Remove any chemical soaked clothing immediately.

#### IX. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical State: liquid	Form: citrine or yellow clear viscous liquid	
Color: citrine or yellow	Odor: a little oily odor	
PH: Not available	Boiling Range: No data	
Decomposition Temperature: No data	Flash Point: (Test Method: Open Cup)  177 °C ( 351 °F ) ( 5 );  202 °C ( 395 °F ) ( 10 );  224 °C ( 435 °F ) ( 15 );  228 °C ( 442 °F ) ( 20);  240 °C ( 464 °F ) ( 30 );  250 °C ( 482 °F ) ( 35 );  264 °C ( 507 °F ) ( 40 );  271 °C ( 520 °F ) ( 50 );  288 °C ( 550 °F ) ( 140);  177 °C ( 351 °F ) ( 5( II ))	
Autoignition Temperature: No data	Flammable Limits: Notavailable	
Vapor Pressure: Not available	Vapor Density: $(Air = 1) > 1$	
Specific Gravity: 0.86∼0.90 @ 15.6 °C (60°F)	Solubility: insoluble in water	

### X. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

**Stability:** Stable at normal temperatures and pressure.

Possible Hazardous Reactions: Will not polymerize.

#### Conditions to Avoid:

Avoid heat, flames, spark and other sources of ignition. Avoid contact within compatible material.

Materials to Avoid: strong oxidizing agents.

#### Hazardous Decomposition Products:

Oxides of carbon and various hydrocarbons for med when burned.

#### XI. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

# Acute Toxicity:

• Inhalation:

Mists or sprays of insoluble oils are not harmful to the respiratory tract, although worker discomfort may occur at oil mist level of 5 mg/m<sup>3</sup>.

• Skin Contact:

May cause hair follicules, comedomes, perifollicular papules and pustules. Some individuals may develop a skin sensitivity to petroleum products.

• Eye Contact:

Found to be moderately irritating to rabbit eyes.

• Ingestion:

Mineral oils may cause gastrointestinal disturbance such as diarrhea.

Local Effect: No data available.

**Sensitization:** No data available.

#### Chronic Toxicity:

• Inhalation:

Repeated or prolonged contact with oils may cause fibrotic nodules, lipoid pneumonia, and lipid granuloma.

• Skin Contact:

Repeated or prolonged contact may cause defatting of the skin which may result in dermatitis and effect as detailed in acute exposure.

- Eye Contact: Repeated or prolonged contact with irritants may cause conjunctivitis.
- Ingestion: No data available.

**Specific Effects:** No data available.

#### XII. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Environmental Mobility: No data available.

#### XIII. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

# Subject to disposal regulations:

Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.

#### XIV. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

No classification assigned.

#### XV. REGULATORY INFORMATION

#### Suitable Regulations:

1. U.S. Regulations:

TSCA Inventory Status: Y

SARA Hazard Categories, SARA Sections 311/312(40 CFR 370.21):

Acute: N Chronic: N Fire: N Reactive: N

OSHA Process Safety(29 CFR 1910.119): N

2. State Regulations:

California Proposition 65: N

3. European Regulations: EC Number: Not assigned

#### XVI. OTHER INFORMATION

Reference Literatures	OHS15037		
	Lubricants Business Division, CPC Corporation, Taiwan		
Made By	Title:	Name:	
	OHS Engineer	Fong-Wu Chen	
Creation Date	Jan. 12, 2023		

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